

3rd class test MBBS 4th year AZRA NAHEED Medical College Lahore

MCQ,s

time 30 minutes

1-Which of the following foreign body in nose is of organic type

1. Beads
2. Beans
3. Buttons
4. Stones
5. Crayons

Beans

Be

2-The following foreign body in nose is not a serious emergency except

1. Beads
2. Small stones
3. Small buttons
4. Cell battery

✓

3-The cause of referred otalgia lies in

1. throat
2. ears
3. nose
4. a&c
5. None of the above

4-The treatment of otomycosis is all except

1. Regular cleaning
2. antifungal
3. regular irrigation
4. keeping ear dry
5. none of above

5-A 3-year-old child presents with unilateral nasal obstruction and unilateral blood-stained muco purulent nasal discharge. The most probable diagnosis is

1. Antrochoanal polyp.
2. DNS
3. Rhinitis
4. Angiofibroma
5. Foreign body nose

6-The common age group for Rhinolith is

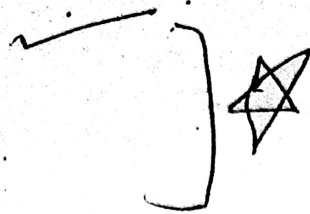
1. Infant
2. Child
3. Adult
4. Old age
5. None of the above

✓ adult

7- Rhinolith is the deposit of the following salts

1. Phosphorous

2. Magnesium
3. Calcium
4. Sodium
5. B+c



in nasal mucosa

8- the following drug is used for treatment of intrinsic rhinitis

1. Anticholinergic ✓ (ipratropium bromide)
2. Parasympathomimetic
3. Sympathomimetics ✓
4. Sympatholytics
5. A+c

9- In vasomotor rhinitis following symptom predominates

1. Watery rhinorrhoea
2. Nasal itching
3. Watering of eyes
4. Nasal obstruction
5. None of the above

10- A 5 year boy came with history of trauma nose 4 days back and bilateral nasal obstruction for last 2 days. There was no history of bleeding from nose. On examination patient was afebrile & both nasal cavities revealed smooth rounded fluctuant swellings of the septum. The most probable diagnosis is

1. Clotted blood in both nasal cavities
2. DNS
3. Septal Hematoma
4. Septal abscess
5. None of the above

11- In above case the treatment should be

1. Suction clearance of nasal cavities
2. immediately do incision and drainage
3. Septal surgery
4. Incision and drainage after seven days of antibiotics
5. Incision and drainage after fifteen days

12- The simplest form of fracture nasal bone which is caused by minimal trauma is called

1. Chavallet fracture
2. Jarjavay fracture
3. Nasoethmoido-orbital fracture
4. None of the above
5. All of the above



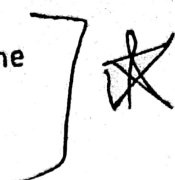
→ 13- Choose the ototoxic drug among below

1. Cephadrine
2. Cefixime
3. Sulphonamides
4. Cetrizine
5. Streptomycin



14- Which of the statement is true regarding conductive deafness

1. Patient speaks in a low tone and asks others to speak loudly
2. Patient speaks in a loudly and asks others to speak in a low tone
3. Rinne is positive
4. Weber is lateralized to normal ear
5. Lesion is between cochlea and cerebral cortex

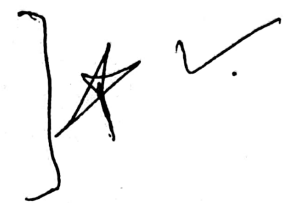


→ 15- Which of the statement is true regarding conductive deafness?

1. The quality of speech is indistinct and expressionless
2. Hearing aid is poorly tolerated by the patient
3. Recruitment phenomenon is present
4. Air bone gap is seen in PTA
5. Patient gives history of streptomycin intake

→ 16- The incidence of OME is highest in

1. young children
2. Infants
3. Elders
4. Old age persons
5. All of the above



→ 17- in OME patient can have all the complaints except

1. Hearing loss
2. Learning difficulties
3. Speech delay
4. Ear discharge
5. Recurrent infections

→ 18- In OME gold standard investigation is

1. X ray mastoid bone
2. PTA
3. Myringotomy and aspiration of fluid
4. Tympanometry
5. Tuning fork tests

Tympanometry

→ 19- The type of tympanogram which is seen in OME is called

1. Type a graph
2. Type b graph
3. Type c graph
4. Type Ad graph
5. None of the above



→ 20 -Conductive hearing loss is seen in

1. Wax ear
2. ASOM
3. Otosclerosis
4. OME

→ 21--The most common area of involvement of otosclerosis is

→ 21--The most common area of involvement of otosclerosis is

1. Fissula antefenestrum ✓
2. Fissula postfenestrum
3. Circumferential
4. Cochlea
5. None of above

→ 22-Which of the following statement is true regarding otosclerosis

1. It is a disease of infants
2. It is a disease of children
3. It is a disease of 20 to 30 years
4. It is a disease of 30 to 40 years
5. It is a disease of 40 to 50 years

→ 23-Otosclerosis is characterized by

1. Conductive hearing loss
2. Conductive hearing loss and cahart's notch at 2000Hz ✓
3. Conductive hearing loss and cahart's notch at 3000Hz
4. Conductive hearing loss and cahart's notch at 4000Hz
5. Sensorineural hearing loss

24-The most frequent theory of etiology of vasomotor rhinitis is

1. Autonomic imbalance
2. Unidentified allergy
3. Unidentified allergen
4. Psychosomatic
5. None of the above

25-Vasomotor rhinitis is mainly due to

1. Sympathetic over activity
2. Parasympathetic under activity
3. Sympathetic under activity
4. Parasympathetic over activity
5. c+ d

(3)

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1-a 25 years old female having bilateral progressive hearing loss with no history of ear discharge. Hearing loss is of conductive type and worsened during pregnancy. which finding do you expect in her on otoscopy.

1. Central perforation
2. Marginal perforation
3. Cholesteatoma
4. Flamingo flush
5. None of above

2-The following foreign body in nose is most serious emergency .

1. Beads
2. Small stones
3. Small buttons
4. Cell battery

3-The cause of referred otalgia lies in

- 1) throat ?
2. ears
3. nose
4. 1&3 ?
5. None of the above

4-The treatment of otomycosis

1. Keep ear dry
2. antifungal
- 3- suction clearance
- 4- All above

5-A 15-year-old boy presents with bilateral nasal obstruction and repeated epistaxis. The most probable diagnosis is

1. Antrochoanal polyp
2. DNS
3. Rhinitis
4. Angiofibroma
5. Foreign body nose

6-In OME the procedure done to treat it is

1. myringoplasty
2. tympanoplasty
3. myringotomy and gromet insertion
4. mastoidectomy
5. stapedotomy

7-procedure done to treat OME is done

1. in the antero superior portion of tympanic membrane
2. in the postero superior portion of tympanic membrane
3. in the postero inferior portion of tympanic membrane.
4. in the antero inferior portion of tympanic membrane
5. in the pars flaccida

8-the following drug is used for treatment of intrinsic rhinitis

1. Anticholenergic

2 Sympathomimetics

3 1&2

4 steroids

9- In vasomotor rhinitis following symptom predominates

1 Watery rhinorrhoea

2 Nasal itching

3 Watering of eyes

4 Nasal obstruction

5 None of the above

10- A 5 year boy came with history of trauma nose 7 days back and bilateral nasal obstruction for last 2 days. There was no history of bleeding from nose. On examination patient was febrile with sever pain & both nasal cavities revealed smooth rounded fluctuant swellings of the septum. The most probable diagnosis is

1. Clotted blood in both nasal cavities

2. DNS

3 Septal abscess

4 None of the above

11- In above case the treatment should be

1. Suction clearance of nasal cavities

2 Immediately do incision and drainage

3. Septal surgery

4. Incision and drainage after seven days of antibiotics

5. Incision and drainage after fifteen days

12- The complex form of fracture nasal bone which is caused by road side trauma is called

1. Chavallet fracture

2. Jarjavay fracture

3 Nasoethmoido-orbital fracture

4. None of the above

5. All of the above

13 -The ossicle of involvement in otosclerosis is

1. incus

2 stapes

3. maleous

4. Cochlea

5. None of above

14- Which of the statement is true regarding conductive deafness

1. Rinne is positive

2 Rinne is negative

3. Rinne is false negative

4. Weber is central

5. None of above

15- Which of the statement is true regarding conductive deafness?

1. Both, air and bone conduction curves are below the normal range.

2. Only bone conduction curve is below the normal range.

3 Only air conduction curve is below the normal range.

4. Both curves are below the normal range with air bone Gap of 30 dB.
5. None of above.
- 16-The incidence of OME is highest in
1. School going children children
 2. Infants
 3. Elders
 4. Old age persons
 5. All of the above
- 17-in OME patient can have all the complaints except
1. Hearing loss
 2. Learning difficulties
 3. Speech delay
 4. Ear discharge
 5. Recurrent infections
- 18-In OME which investigation would you carry to confirm it
1. X ray mastoid bone
 2. PTA
 3. Myringotomy and aspiration of fluid
 4. Tympanometry
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- 19-The type of tympanogram which is seen in OME is called
1. Type a graph
 2. Type c graph
 3. Type Ad graph
 4. None of the above
- 20 -Conductive hearing loss is seen in
1. ASOM
 2. Otosclerosis
 3. OME
 4. All of above
 5. None of above
- 21--The surgical treatment of otosclerosis is
1. Sodium chloride
 2. stapedectomy
 3. tympanoplasty
 4. speech therapy
 5. none of above
- 22-The most frequent theory of etiology of vasomotor rhinitis is
1. Autonomic imbalance
 2. Unidentified allergy
 3. Unidentified allergen
 4. Psychosomatic
 5. None of the above
- 23-Vasomotor rhinitis is mainly due to
1. Sympathetic over activity
 2. Parasympathetic under activity
 3. Sympathetic under activity
 4. Parasympathetic over activity
 5. 3&4
- 24-Which of the following statement is true regarding otosclerosis
1. It is a disease of infants
 2. It is a disease of children
 3. It is a disease of 20 to 30 years

4. It is a disease of 30 to 40 years

5. Most common in old age

25-Otosclerosis is characterized by

1. notch at 2000Hz in air conduction curve.

② notch at 2000Hz in bone conduction curve.

3. notch at 2000Hz in both air and bone conduction curves.

4. notch at 4000Hz in air conduction curve.

5. notch at 4000Hz in bone conduction curve.