## ARA NAHEED MEDICAL COLLEGE, LAHORE

Class Test 4th year (Lids, Lacrimal Apparatus, Ref. Errors & Cornea)

**Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)** 

Time allowed: - 20 Mins

Please encircle the single best answer

- 1. The most important examination in cases presenting with congenital ptosis is:
  - a) The function of the levator
    - b) Examination of the cornea
    - The examination of the cranial nerves.
    - d) Examination of the fundus.
    - e) Retinoscopy
  - 2. Trichiasis is:
    - (a) Misdirected eyelashes
      - b. Accessory row of eyelashes
      - c. Downward drooping of upper lid
      - d. Outward protrusion of lower lid
      - e. Absence of eyelashes
  - 3. Corneal sensations are diminished in:
    - a.) Herpes simplex keratitis
      - b. Conjunctivitis
      - c. Fungal infections
      - d. Marginal keratitis
      - e. Pterygium
  - 4. The color of fluorescein staining in corneal ulcer with cobalt blue filter is:
    - a. Yellow
    - b. Blue
    - c. Green
    - d. Royal blue
    - e. Red

Total Marks:- 15

Date:- 26-01-2016

- 5. Which of the following organism can penetrate intact cornealepithelium?
  - a. Strept pyogenes
  - b. Staph aureus
  - c. Pseudomonas pyocyanaea
  - d.) N. gonorrhoeae
    - e. pneumococci
- 6. The effective treatment of dendritic ulcer of the cornea is:
  - a. Surface anesthesia
  - b. Local corticosteroids
  - c. Systemic corticosteroids
  - d. Acyclovir ointment
  - e. Antibiotic ointment
- 7. Chalazion is a chronic inflammatory granuloma of
  - a.) Melbomian gland
    - b. Zies's gland
    - c. Sweat gland
    - d. Wolfring's gland
    - e. Hair follicle
- 8. Which of the following is not a source of nutrients to cornea?
  - a. Tear film
  - b. Aqueous humour
  - c. Perilimbal capillaries
  - d Vitreous humour
  - e. Iris vesseles

- 9. A 3 months old infant presents with watering &pressure on lacrimal sac causesregurgitation of muco purulent material. What is the appropriate treatment?
  - a. Dacryocystorhinostomy
  - b. Probing
  - c.\_ Probing with syringing
  - d. Massage with antibiotics up to age of 6 months
    - e. Dacryocysectomy
- 10. Optical condition of the eye in which there is a significant difference in refraction between the two eyes
  - a. Mixed astigmatism
  - b. Irregular astigmatism
  - Regular\_astigmatism
  - d.) Anisometropia
  - e. Compound astigmatism
  - 11. Entropion of lower lid means
    - a. Inward rolling of lid margin.
      - b. Out ward rolling of lid margin.
      - c. Absence of punctum
      - d. Blockage of lacrimal duct.
      - e. Lid coloboma
  - 12. Herpes Zoster Ophthalmicus can

cause.

- a. Conjunctivitis.  $\chi$
- b. Blephritis.
- c. Trabeculitis.
- d. Uvietitis.
- e. All of above.

- 13. The commonest cause of decreased vision in a school-aged children is:
  - a. Soft cataract
  - b. Infantile glaucoma
  - C: Errors of refraction c. Corneal dystrophy
    - e. Retinal detachment
- 14. A male patient was complaining of both redness of continuous eyes, foreign body sensation, lashes. On of loss frequent examination, thelid margins were hyperemic, and the lashes were matted with yellowcrusts, which left painful ulcers on trying to remove. The most probable diagnosis is:
  - a.) Blepharitis.
  - b. Cicatricial entopion.
  - c. Spastic entropion.
  - d. Ectropion.
  - e. Viral Conjunctivitis
  - 15. Accommodation is maximum in
    - a: Adulthood
    - b. Childhood
      - c. Middle age
      - d. Old age
      - e. Women