



Total Marks: 40 Time Allowed: 60 min

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| Name: | (10 2001 |
| Roll No: | Color of the color |
| Date: | 12 B(S) |

- Q. 1 a) Give the pathophysiological classification of anemias. (05)
- b) Discuss the lab diagnosis of megaloblastic anemia (05)
- Q. 2 A 50 years old male patient develops generalized lymphadenopathy with low grade evening pyrexia. Biopsy of lymph nodes shows effacement of architecture with scattered classic reed Sternberg (RS) cells in a polymorphous background
- a) What is the diagnosis? 01
- b) Enumerate its 5 subtypes. Describe the morphology of RS cells. 04
- c) Tabulate the clinical differences between Hodgkin and Non Hodgkin lymphoma. 05
- Q. 3 a) Discuss the pathophysiology of thalassemia. 07
- b) What is the clinical significance of Philadelphia chromosome? 03
- Q. 4 A 5 years old African child presented with a swelling at angle of jaw which is rapidly increasing in size. It is associated with weight loss and anemia, biopsy of mass reveals microscopic appearance described as starry sky picture.
- a) What is the diagrosis? 01

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- b) Give revised FAB classification of AML. 05
- c) Discuss the lab diagnosis of DIC. 04